

Citation Examples MLA Style 8th Edition

Book – Single Author

Henley, Patricia. *The Hummingbird House*. MacMurray, 1999.

Book – More than one author

Gillespie, Paula, & Neal Lerner. *The Allyn & Bacon Guide to Peer Tutoring*. Allyn & Bacon, 2000.

- If there are 3 or more authors, list only the first author followed by the phrase et al. (Latin for "and others") in place of the subsequent authors' names. (Note that there is a period after "al" in "et al." Also note there is never a period after the "et" in "et al.").

- Wysocki, Anne Frances, et al. *Writing New Media: Theory and Applications for Expanding the Teaching of Composition*. Utah State UP, 2004.

Article in a Reference Book (Encyclopedias, Dictionaries)

For entries in encyclopedias, dictionaries, and other reference works, cite the entry name as you would any other work in a collection but do not include the publisher information. Also, if the reference book is organized alphabetically, as most are, do not list the volume or the page number of the article or item.

Example: "Ideology." *The American Heritage Dictionary*, 3rd ed., Dell, 1997, p. 369.

Work in an Anthology or Collection

Last name, First name. "Title of Essay." *Title of Collection*, edited by Editor's Name(s), Publisher, Year, Page range of entry.

The Bible

Italicize "The Bible" and follow it with the version you are using. Remember that your in-text (parenthetical citation) should include the name of the specific edition of the Bible, followed by an abbreviation of the book, the chapter and verse(s).

Example: *The Bible*. The New Oxford Annotated Version, 3rd ed., Oxford UP, 2001.

Electronic Book

Silva, Paul J. *How to Write a Lot: A Practical Guide to Productive Academic Writing*. E-book, American Psychological Association, 2007.

A Page on a Web Site

Lundman, Susan. "How to Make Vegetarian Chili." *eHow*, www.ehow.com/how_10727_makevegetarian-chili.html. Accessed 6 July 2015.

Citing an entire Web Site

Author, or compiler name (if available). Name of Site. Version number (if available), Name of institution/organization affiliated with the site (sponsor or publisher), date of resource creation (if available), DOI (preferred), otherwise include a URL or permalink. Date of access (if applicable).

Article in Print Journal

Scruton, R. (1996). The eclipse of listening. *The New Criterion*, 15(3), 5–13.

Article in an Online-only Electronic Journal

MLA requires a page range for articles that appear in Scholarly Journals. If the journal you are citing appears exclusively in an online format (i.e. there is no corresponding print publication) that does not make use of page numbers, indicate the URL or other location information.

- Dolby, Nadine. "Research in Youth Culture and Policy: Current Conditions and Future Directions." *Social Work and Society: The International Online-Only Journal*, vol. 6, no. 2, 2008, www.socwork.net/sws/article/view/60/362. Accessed 20 May 2009.

Article in an Online Scholarly Journal That Also Appears in Print

Cite articles in online scholarly journals that also appear in print as you would a scholarly journal in print, **including the page range of the article**. Provide the URL and the date of access.

Article from an Online Database

Cite online databases (e.g. LexisNexis, ProQuest, JSTOR, ScienceDirect) and other subscription services as containers. Thus, provide the title of the database italicized before the DOI or URL. If a DOI is not provided, use the URL instead. Provide the date of access if you wish.

- Alonso, Alvaro, and Julio A. Camargo. "Toxicity of Nitrite to Three Species of Freshwater Invertebrates." *Environmental Toxicology*, vol. 21, no. 1, 3 Feb. 2006, pp. 90-94. *Wiley Online Library*, doi:10.1002/tox.20155. Accessed 26 May 2009.

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